

Naveni pY PD1, HRP

KIT INSTRUCTIONS

## GENERAL GUIDELINES:

- Do not mix NaveniBright reagents with other Naveni<sup>™</sup> product lines.
- Reaction volume depends on the sample size.
- Use best practices when pipetting to minimize reagent consumption.
- Centrifuge vials before pipetting.
- Thoroughly defrost all buffer mixtures at room temperature, vortex well and spin down before use.
- Vortex and spin down all enzymes (1 and 2) before use.
- Keep enzymes on ice or a frozen cold block.
- Wait to add enzymes until immediately before adding to the sample.
- Remove excess washing buffer from samples before adding reagent.
- Do not allow slides/samples to dry.
- Preheat the humidity chamber before each step.
- Incubation times or temperatures other than those specified may give erroneous results.
- As with any product derived from biological sources, proper handling procedures should be used.
- Wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment to avoid contact with eyes and skin.
- Chromogens may be carcinogenic and should be handled with care.
- Unused solutions should be disposed of according to local regulations.

### REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

- VectaMount<sup>®</sup> Express Mounting Medium (H-5700-60) from Vector Laboratories.
- Isopropanol 99,5 %.
- Endogenous horseradish peroxidase quenching solution.
- TBS and TBS-T Tris-buffered saline and Tris-buffered saline supplemented with 0,05% Tween, respectively.

IMPORTANT:

Appropriate precautions should be taken to avoid antibody cross-contamination. Crosscontamination is the primary source of unspecific background due to the high sensitivity of the assay.

Avoid bulk washing methods when multiple antibodies are used. Wash any technical controls separately.



# KIT COMPONENTS:

Box 1.1:

Material	Article Number	Amount	Storage*
NaveniBright Blocking Buffer (1x)	NB.1.100.01	4000 μl	
NaveniBright Supplement 1	NB.1.100.03	500 μl	+4 to +8°C
NaveniBright Antibody Diluent (1x)	NB.1.100.02	8000 μl	
NaveniBright Supplement 2	NB.1.100.04	1000 μl	DO NOT
Probe Diluent (1x)	NF.1.100.03	4000 μl	FREEZE
NaveniBright Probe Anti-M (40x)	NB.1.100.06	100 μl	
NaveniBright Probe Anti-R (40x)	NB.1.100.07	100 μl	

#### Box 1.2:

Material	Article Number	Amount	Storage*
NaveniBright HRP Reagent (800x)	NB.1.100.05	100 μl	
NaveniBright HRP Substrate 1	NB.1.100.13	170 μl	+4 to +8°C
NaveniBright HRP Substrate 2	NB.1.100.14	100 µl	DO NOT
NaveniBright HRP Substrate 3	NB.1.100.15	100 µl	FREEZE
NaveniBright HRP Substrate 4	NB.1.100.17	176 µl	

Bag 1.3:

Material	Article Number	Amount	Storage*
NaveniBright AP/HRP diluent	NB.1.100.08	8000 μl	+4 to +8°C DO NOT
Nuclear Stain	NB.1.100.16	6000 μl	FREEZE

Bag 2:

Material	Article Number	Amount	Storage*
Navenibody PD1 (200x)	PD1.2.01	20 µl	
Navenibody pTyr M (200x)	PD1.2.02	20 µl	-
NaveniBright Buffer 1 (5x)	NB.2.100.17	800 µl	at -25 to -15°C
NaveniBright Enzyme 1 (40x)	NF.2.100.11	100 µl	
NaveniBright Buffer 2 (5x)	NB.2.100.18	800 µl	
NaveniBright Enzyme 2 (40x)	NF.2.100.15	100 µl	

\* When stored as directed, the product is stable at least for 3 months after receipt

1. Sample preparation	<ul> <li>1.1 After antigen retrieval, add enough horseradish peroxidase blocking solution (for quenching) (not provided) to cover each sample. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature, or according to manufacturer's user guide.</li> <li>1.2 Wash slides for 2x5 min in 1x TBS-T**.</li> </ul>
2. Blocking	<ul> <li>2.1 Prepare blocking solution by adding 5 μl of Supplement 1 to every 40 μl of Blocking Buffer (1x).</li> <li>2.2 Add the prepared blocking solution to the entire sample area (approximately 40 μl for each 1 cm<sup>2</sup> area).</li> <li>2.3 Incubate for 60 min at +37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.</li> </ul>
3. Navenibody incubation	<ul> <li>3.1 Prepare Navenibody solution by adding 5 μl of Supplement 2 to every 40 μl of Antibody Diluent (1x).</li> <li>3.2 Use the prepared Navenibody solution to dilute Navenibody PD1 and Navenibody pTyr M to 1x (dilute 1:200 each).</li> <li>3.3 Decant the blocking solution from slides and wash for 2x3 min in 1x TBS-T.</li> <li>3.4 Add enough of Navenibodies to cover the sample area.</li> <li>3.5 Incubate overnight at +4 °C in a humidity chamber.</li> <li>3.6 Decant the antibody solution and wash slides for 3x5 min in 1x TBS-T** in a staining jar under gentle agitation.</li> </ul>

Kit component	Blocking Solution	Navenibody solution
Blocking Buffer	40 µl	-
Supplement 1	5 μl	-
Primary antibody diluent	-	40 μl
Supplement 2	-	5 μl
Total:	45 μl	45 μl

4. Probe incubation	<ul> <li>4.1 Prepare the probes by diluting Probe anti-M and Probe anti-R (dilute 1:40 each) in Probe Diluent (1x).</li> <li>4.2 Add enough of the probes to cover the sample area.</li> <li>4.3 Incubate for 60 min at +37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.</li> <li>4.4 Decant the solution and wash slides for 3x5 min in 1x TBS-T in a staining jar under gentle agitation.</li> </ul>
5. Reaction 1	<ul> <li>5.1 Dilute Buffer 1 1:5 in distilled water. Vortex and spin down.</li> <li>5.2 Prepare Reaction 1 by adding Enzyme 1 (dilute 1:40) to the diluted buffer. Mix gently by pipetting and spin down.</li> <li>5.3 Add enough Reaction 1 to cover the sample area.</li> <li>5.4 Incubate for 30 min at 37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.</li> <li>5.5 Wash slides for 2x3 min in 1x TBS-T in a staining jar under gentle agitation.</li> </ul>
6. Reaction 2	<ul> <li>6.1 Dilute Buffer 2 1:5 in distilled water. Vortex and spin down.</li> <li>6.2 Prepare Reaction 2 by adding Enzyme 2 (dilute 1:40) to the diluted buffer. Mix gently by pipetting and spin down.</li> <li>6.3 Add enough Reaction 2 to cover the sample area.</li> <li>6.4 Incubate for 90 min at +37 °C in a preheated humidity chamber.</li> </ul>
7. HRP Incubation	<ul> <li>7.1 Decant the solution and wash slides for 2x5 min in 1x TBS, followed by 1x10 min in 0,1x TBS in a staining jar under gentle agitation.</li> <li>7.2 Dilute the NaveniBright HRP reagent 1:800 in AP/ HRP diluent.</li> <li>7.3 Decant wash buffer from the slides.</li> <li>7.4 Add enough HRP solution to cover the sample area.</li> <li>7.5 Incubate for 30 min at room temperature with slow agitation.</li> </ul>



- 8. Substrate development
- 8.1 Decant the solution and wash slides for 2x2 min in 1x TBS in a staining jar under gentle agitation.
- 8.2 Prepare the substrate solution by mixing HRP Substrate 1 (dilute 62x), HRP Substrate 2 (dilute 100x), HRP Substrate 3 (dilute 100x) and HRP Substrate 4 (dilute 62,5x) in distilled water. \*

See calculation example for minimal volume:

Kit Component	Substrate Solution
Distilled water	100 µl
HRP Substrate 1	1,6 μl
HRP Substrate 2	1,0 μl
HRP Substrate 3	1,0 μl
HRP Substrate 4	1,6 μl
	otal: 105,2 μl

- 8.3 Decant wash buffer from the slides.
- 8.4 Add enough substrate solution to cover the sample area.
- 8.5 Incubate the slides at room temperature for 5 to 10 min. \*\*
- 8.6 Decant of the substrate solution from the slides and wash slides for 2x2 min in deionized water under gentle agitation.

#### 9. Nuclei staining 9.1

- 9.1 Decant wash buffer from the slides.
- 9.2 Add enough Nuclear stain to cover the sample area.
- 9.3 Incubate for 2 to 10 seconds at room temperature. \*\*\*
- 9.4 Rinse the slides under running tap water (not deionized water).
- **10. Dehydration and** 10.1 mounting × 10.2
  - Wash slides in water for 5 min with gentle agitation.
  - 10.2 Rapid dehydrate slides with 2x1 min wash in isopropanol.
  - 10.3 Blot excess isopropanol from slides and apply VectaMount<sup>®</sup> Express Mounting Medium (H-5700-60).
  - 10.4 Apply coverslip and allow slides to dry flat at room temperature for 10 to 20 min.
  - 10.5 Analyze using a brightfield microscope, using at least a 20x objective.
  - 10.6 After imaging, store the slides at room temperature. Signal is stable for years.
- + For alternative substrates, prepare according to manufacturer's user guide.
- \*\* Substrate incubation time should be optimized for each assay.
- +++ Excessive nuclear staining may obscure developed signals.

Slides must be mounted with VectaMount® Express Mounting Medium (H-5700-60) from Vector Laboratories. Usage of other dehydration methods or mounting medium may lead to reduced signal intensity.